FEATURES

- ▶ **Industrial Standard DIP-24 Package**
- ▶ **Fully Regulated Output Voltage**
- ▶ **I/O Isolation 1500 VDC**
- ▶ **Operating Ambient Temp. Range -40℃ to +85℃**
- ▶ **Short Circuit Protection**
- ▶ **UL/cUL/IEC/EN 62368-1(60950-1) Safety Approval**

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MIAR03 series is a range of isolated 3W DC-DC converter modules featuring fully regulated output voltages and narrow input voltage ranges. Excellent efficiency allow an operating temperature range of -40°C to +85°C (with Derating). The product comes in a DIP-24 Plastic package with alternative pinout which makes these converters also a perfect replacement for the popular S200R series. These DC-DC converters offer the best solution for many cost critical applications.

Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range)	Output Voltage	Output Current	Input Current		Max. capacitive Load	Efficiency (typ.)
			Max.	@Max. Load	@No Load		@Max. Load
	VDC	VDC	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	μF	%
MIAR03-05S05	5 ±10%	5	600	857	90	470	70
MIAR03-05S12		12	250	769		100	78
MIAR03-05S15		15	200	769		100	78
MIAR03-05D12		±12	±125	769		100#	78
MIAR03-05D15		±15	±100	769		100#	78
MIAR03-12S05	12 ±10%	5	600	338	45	470	74
MIAR03-12S12		12	250	313		100	80
MIAR03-12S15		15	200	313		100	80
MIAR03-12D12		±12	±125	309		100#	81
MIAR03-12D15		±15	±100	305		100#	82
MIAR03-24S05	24 ±10%	5	600	167	22	470	75
MIAR03-24S12		12	250	156		100	80
MIAR03-24S15		15	200	156		100	80
MIAR03-24D12		±12	±125	154		100#	81
MIAR03-24D15		±15	±100	152		100#	82

For each output

Input Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Voltage Range	5V Input Models	4.5	5	5.5	VDC
	12V Input Models	10.8	12	13.2	
	24V Input Models	21.6	24	26.4	
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	5V Input Models	-0.7	---	7.5	
	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	15	
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	30	
Short Circuit Input Power	All Models	---	---	2000	mW
Input Filter		Internal Pi Type			
Conducted EMI		Compliance to EN 55022, class A			

Output Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy		---	---	±2.0	%Vnom.
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	±1.0	±3.0	%
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max. @Full Load	---	±0.2	±0.5	%
Load Regulation	Io=10% to 100%	---	±0.2	±0.5	%
Minimum. Load	No minimum Load Requirement				
Ripple & Noise	0-20 MHz Bandwidth	---	---	60	mV P-P
Short Circuit Protection	Continuous, Automatic Recovery				

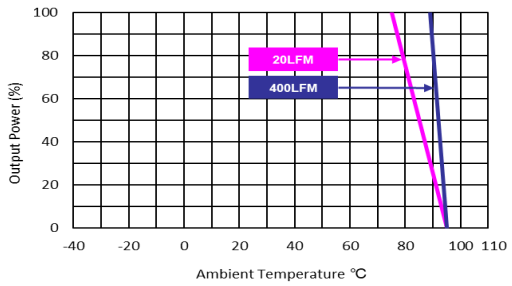
General Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage	60 Seconds	1500	---	---	VDC
	1 Second	1800	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100kHz, 1V	---	300	---	pF
Switching Frequency		---	300	---	kHz
MTBF(calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25℃, Ground Benign	700,000			Hours
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition(CSA certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1(CB-report)				
	UL/cUL 62368-1 recognition(UL certificate), IEC/EN 62368-1(CB-report)				

Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve)	-40	+85	℃
Case Temperature	---	+95	℃
Storage Temperature Range	-50	+125	℃
Humidity (non condensing)	---	95	% rel. H
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)	---	260	℃

Power Derating Curve

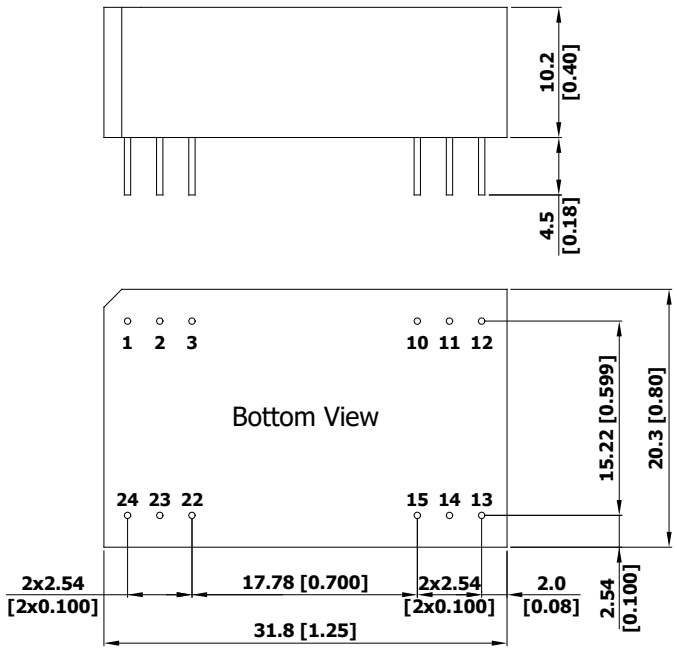


Notes

1. Specifications typical at Ta=+25℃, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
2. We recommend to protect the converter by a slow blow fuse in the input supply line.
3. Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact MINMAX.
4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Package Specifications

Mechanical Dimensions



Pin Connections

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output	Diameter mm (inches)
1	+Vin	+Vin	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
2	NC	-Vout	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
3	NC	Common	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
10	-Vout	Common	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
11	+Vout	+Vout	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
12	-Vin	-Vin	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
13	-Vin	-Vin	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
14	+Vout	+Vout	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
15	-Vout	Common	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
22	NC	Common	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
23	NC	-Vout	Ø 0.5 [0.02]
24	+Vin	+Vin	Ø 0.5 [0.02]

NC: No Connection

- All dimensions in mm (inches)
- Tolerance: X.X±0.5 (X.XX±0.02)
  X.XX±0.25 (X.XXX±0.01)
- Pin diameter tolerance: X.X±0.05 (X.XX±0.002)

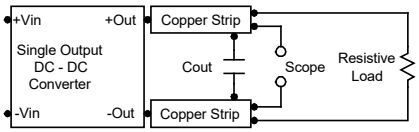
Physical Characteristics

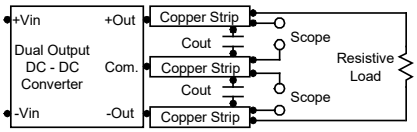
Case Size	:	31.8x20.3x10.2 mm (1.25x0.80x0.40 inches)
Case Material	:	Plastic resin (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Pin Material	:	Phosphor Bronze
Weight	:	12.4g

Test Setup

Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a Cout 0.33μF ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC-DC Converter.





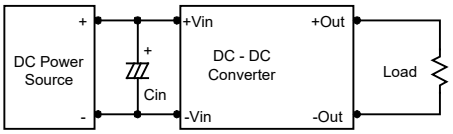
Technical Notes

Maximum Capacitive Load

The MIAR03 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

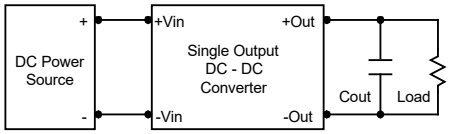
Input Source Impedance

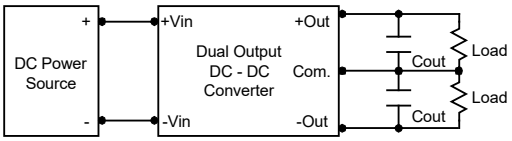
The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0Ω at 100 kHz) capacitor of a 4.7μF for the 5V input devices and a 2.2μF for the 12V and 24V devices.



Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 1.5μF capacitors at the output.





Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 95°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.